

8.2 Angles in Polygons

Goal: To be able to find the measures of interior and exterior angles of polygons

Warm up

Decide whether the polygon is *convex* or *concave*.

1.



2.

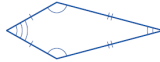


Decide whether the polygon is *equilateral*, *equiangular*, or *neither*.

3.



4.



5. Decide whether the polygon is regular. Explain your answer.

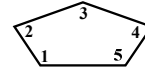


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Interior angles of a polygon: the angles that are inside a polygon formed by the sides of the polygon

$\angle 1$
 $\angle 2$
 $\angle 3$
 $\angle 4$
 $\angle 5$

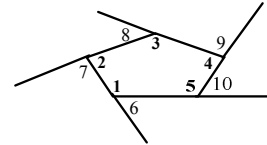
} interior angles



Exterior angles of a polygon: an exterior angle of a polygon is an angle formed by a side and an extension of adjacent side

$\angle 6$
 $\angle 7$
 $\angle 8$
 $\angle 9$
 $\angle 10$

} exterior angles

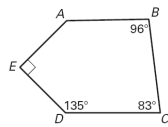


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Polygon Interior Angles Theorem

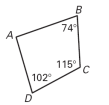
The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex polygon with n sides is $(n - 2) \cdot 180^\circ$.

Use Polygon Interior Angles Theorem

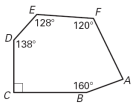


Find the measure of $\angle A$.

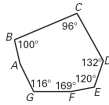
4.



5.

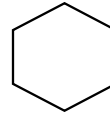


6.



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To find the measure of **one** interior angle of a **regular** polygon: $\frac{(n-2) 180}{n}$



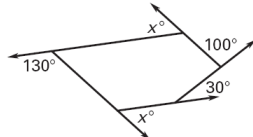
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Polygon Exterior Angles Theorem

The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a convex polygon, one angle at each vertex, is 360° .

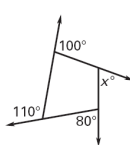
Find the Measure of an Exterior Angle

Find the value of x .

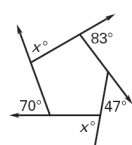


Find the value of x .

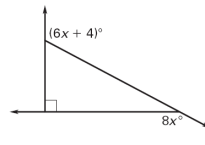
7.



8.

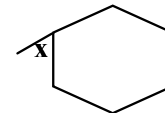


9.



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To find the measure of **one** exterior angle of a **regular** polygon: $\frac{360}{n}$



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