

### Chapter 10.5 Completing the Square

This method always works on solving quadratics.

Rules:

1. write the equation is  $ax^2 + bx = c$
2. take  $\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2$ , then add it to both sides of the equation if a  $\neq 1$  divide each term by a.
3. Factor the left hand side of the equation
4. take the square root of both sides
5. rewrite as two equations and solve.

Apr 4-10:17 AM

$$\text{Ex1a) } x^2 - 6x = 247$$

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$$\text{Ex1b) } x^2 - 20x + 32 = 0$$

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$$\text{Ex2a) } x^2 + 5x = 50$$

$$\text{Ex2b) } x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$$

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$$\text{Ex3a) } 2x^2 + 8x - 10 = 0$$

$$\text{Ex3b) } 4x^2 = -2x + 12$$

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$$\text{Try 1. } x^2 - 8x - 4 = 0$$

$$\text{Try 2. } 2x^2 - 16x = -30$$

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